# **TYPE 8045**

# MAGNETIC INDUCTIVE FLOW TRANSMITTER



Instruction Manual



ENGLISH

## INTRODUCTION

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#### 1.1 SYMBOLS USED



Indicates information which must be followed. Failure to follow the information could endanger the user and affect the function of the device.



Indicates that the page contains general information.



Indicates a quickstart guide for quickly commissioning the transmitter.



Indicates that the page contains information about installation.



Indicates that the page contains information about configuration, programming and operation.



Indicates important information, tips and recommendations.



Indicates a worked example.



Indicates an action which has to be continued or reference to a relevant section.

Indicates information about repairs, service, maintenance and spare parts.

### 1.2 GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Congratulations on purchasing our 8045 Electromagnetic Flow Transmitter.



Before installing or using this product, please read this manual and any other relevant documentation to ensure you fully benefit from all the advantages the product can offer.

- Please verify that the product is complete and free from any damage. (see reference table section 6.5).
- It is the customer's responsibility to select an appropriate transmitter for the application, ensure the unit is installed correctly, and maintain all components.
- This product should only be installed or repaired by specialist staff using the correct tools.
- Please observe the relevant safety regulations throughout the operation, maintenance and repair of the product.
- Always ensure that the power supply is switched off before working on the device / system.
- If these instructions are ignored, no liability will be accepted and the guarantee on the device and accessories will become invalid.





## QUICKSTART

This section provides a comprehensive installation and operation guide which will assist with the commissioning of the 8045 Flow Transmitter.



## QUICKSTART



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accurate measurement.





The actions which are highlighted in grey **where** must be fully completed for accurate measurement.





#### 3.1 INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

#### Pressure - Temperature Diagram

Please be aware of the pressure-temperature dependence according to the respective fitting material as shown in the diagram below.





- The device must be protected against constant heat radiation and other environmental influences such as magnetic fields or direct exposure to sunlight.
- Ensure that the device is not located near any large machinery which may interfere with the transmitter as this can have an effect on the measurement readings.
- In order to ensure a high precision of the measure and good stability of the zero point, the transmitter must be installed into the processed medium at least 24 H before calibration (electrode passivation).

#### Dismounting precautions:

All precautions must be taken before removing the transmitter depending on the process used as the pipe may contain dangerous / agressive hot fluids.



#### 3.1.1 MOUNTING POSITIONS



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The 8045 electromagnetic flow transmitter can be mounted in the following ways to obtain an accurate flow measurement although the piping should be designed to ensure that the pipe is maintained full at all times to avoid inaccurate measurement

#### Mounting horizontally



- When mounting vertically ensure that the flow direction is in an upward direction as indicated by the arrow.
- 45° It is advisable to mount the transmitter at a 45° angle to the horizontal centre of the pipe as shown in the diagram. 45°





#### Measuring flow direction:

The measuring flow direction depends on the mounting direction of the transmitter. To inverse the measure turn the transmitter 180° on the fitting for a positive flow direction ensuring that the lug is in the upstream direction (see Fig. 3.1). The flow display is always positive but the totalizers increase or decrease depending on the flow direction.



The minimum upstream (10 x D) and downstream (3 x D) distances must be observed.



Please ensure that the pipe design does not allow the build up of air bubbles or cavities within the medium as this will cause measuring errors.





Correct

Incorrect





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#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

The 8045 flow transmitter can be easily installed into pipes using our specially designed fitting system S020.

The fitting 4 must be installed into the pipe according to the installation specifications within section 3.1.

- Insert the plastic nut 3 onto the fitting 4 and snap the plastic ring 2 into the guide -bush 5.
- Ensure that the sensor is fully inserted and sitting correctly, making sure that the lug 6 is aligned correctly onto the fitting and that the sensor housing 1 cannot be rotated.





Fig. 3.1 Installation of flow transmitter





### 3.3 GENERAL ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

- Use cables with a temperature limit of 80°C minimum.
- For normal operating conditions the measuring signal can be transmitted by a simple cable of 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> cross section.
- The line must not be installed in combination with carrying lines with a higher voltage or frequency.
- If a combined installation cannot be avoided, a minimum space of 30 cm (1 ft) or shielded cables should be adopted.
- When using shielded cables observe faultless grounding of the shield.



- In case of doubt, always use shielded cables.
- The power supply must be regulated section 6.1



Do not open and wire the transmitter with the power supply connected.

It is advisable to put security devices on : Power supply: Fuse (eg/ 250mA) and an interrupter Relay: 3A fuse max. and circuit breaker (depending on application).

### 3.3.1 EARTHING THE TRANSMITTER

For EMC purposes and in order to ensure accurate measurement, it is important that the transmitter is connected to the earth correctly as improper earthing can have an adverse effect on the transmitter and flow measurement. For correct earthing, the earth lug on the side of the enclosure must be connected to a good local earthing point via an insulated cable of 2mm<sup>2</sup> and one of the diagrams below must be followed.



The earthing rings shown in the diagram below must be in contact with the fluid and are not supplied by Bürkert.

#### For Metal pipe applications











### 3.4 ELECTRICAL WIRING FOR THE 8045 FLOW TRANSMITTER

#### 3.4.1 18-30 VDC without relays

Remove the cover via the screws on the front display and pull the cable through the PG 13.5 and wire according to one of the pin assignment diagrams below. The electronics within the 8045 allows a sourcing or sinking PLC to be connected. Position A (Fig 3.3) provides a sourcing configuration and Position B (Fig 3.4) a sinking configuration.







#### 3.4.2 18-30 VDC with relays

The electrical wiring of this model is possible via the use of 2 cable glands. Remove the cover via the screws on the front display and pull the cables through the PG 13.5's and wire according to pin assignment diagram below (Fig. 3.5).



Fig. 3.5 Pin assignment for relays



#### 3.4.3 Switch Settings

- **Switch1**: This switch allows a sinking or sourcing PLC to be connected (output current). For further information see section 3.4.1.
- **Switch2**: This switch allows the 'Enter' key to be locked to avoid accidental or unauthorized access to the Programmation and Test menus.
  - The Switch2 when set in the unlocked position allows the parameter values to be changed (K-Factor, relays, current, ...) and when in the locked position access to the programmation and test menus is restricted.







#### 3.4.4 CONNECTION OF THE PULSE OUTPUT

The pulse output can be easily connected to a PLC or counter independently of the power supply or version.

#### 3.4.4.1 Connection of a PLC



Fig. 3.6 PLC with common -



Fig. 3.7 PLC with common +

#### .4.4.2 Connection of a load



Fig. 3.8 Electromechanical counter or relay



Fig. 3.9 Electronic counter with powered input

In the figures above ensure that the current does not exceed 100 mA.

For calculation of the load the following equation can be used;

Ex

Load =  $\frac{V-5}{I}$  Example:





### 3.5 EASY LINK / NETWORKING CONNECTIONS

### EASH CONTINUOUS PNEUMATIC FLOW CONTROL



Example of East LINK between the 8045 flow transmitter 18-30VDC and the 8630 Top Control mounted on a diaphragm valve type 2031.

EASH NETWORKING provided by the relay outputs





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Easy CONTINUOUS PNEUMATIC FLOW CONTROL



Example of Example of LINK between the 8045 flow transmitter 18-30VDC and the 1067 positioner mounted on a diaphragm valve type 2031.

EASH NETWORKING provided by the relay outputs





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### EASH ON/OFF FLOW CONTROL



Example of Example of Example of Example of Example of Control mounted on a diaphragm valve type 2031 and pilot valve type 6012.

Easy NETWORKING provided by the 4-20mA output



### 4.1 OPERATING AND CONTROL GUIDE



\* Only available within the main menu.

The Key can be locked to avoid accidental or unauthorized access.

For further information see sections 3.4.1 & 3.4.3.





### 4.2 MENU GUIDE



The menu guide below will assist in quickly and easily finding a desired parameter and programming the 8045 flow transmitter.





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#### 4.3 MAIN MENU

The following information is displayed within the Main Menu:



<u>Flowrate</u>: This is displayed in the selected engineering units (see calibration menu).

<u>**Output Signal :**</u> The output signal is 4-20mA and is proportional to the flow according to the selected measuring range.

<u>Main Totalizer :</u> This is displayed in the required engineering units (see calibration menu). To reset this totalizer see section 4.4.8 in the next menu.

**Daily Totalizer :** This is displayed with the same engineering units as the main totalizer. A point behind the unit differentiates this totalizer from the main totalizer. To reset this value, simultaneously press the  $\bigtriangleup_{0....9}$  keys for 2 seconds within this menu.





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### 4.4 CALIBRATION MENU



The internal Switch2 must be set in the unlocked position to enter parmeters within this menu. (§ 3.4.3)

The following parameters can be set within this menu:

SECTIONS



The following sections explain how to change the parameter values within the calibration menu above.



## CALIBRATION

### 4.4.1 LANGUAGE





The required language is confirmed and activated via the ENTER-key.







### 4.4.3 K-FACTOR

Within this menu the K-factor of the fitting can be entered manually according to the DN and material of the used fitting (see Type S020/1500/1501 Fitting reference manual) or a Teach-In procedure can be completed.

The teach-in procedure consists either of a volume measurement or a comparison measurement with another flow meter.



The transmitter uses the last K-factor entered or determined.

#### 4.4.3.1 Manual Calculation of the K-Factor

For manual calculation and entry of the K-factor, the following equation can be used to determine the value. After the value has been determined select "*TEREH* N" within the *K*-*FRCTOR* option and enter the determined value.

#### $K_{8045} = K_{fitting} \times F_s \times K_w$

Where :

K fitting is the specific K-Factor of the fitting

- **F** s is the specific cell constant of the sensor. This value is written on a sticker on the side of the sensor housing or on the cell cable.
- K w is the temperature correction coefficient. This only needs to be used if the temperature > 40°C.



The correction coefficient depends on the pipe dimensions. Use the correct coefficient from the values below.

DN15 =+ 0.2 %/°C Kw= 1-(0,2 x (Tw °C- 20 °C)/100) DN20/25 =+ 0.1 %/°C Kw= 1-(0,1 x (Tw °C- 20 °C)/100) > DN25 =+ 0.05 %/°C Kw= 1-(0,05 x (Tw °C- 20 °C)/100)



To assist with the manual determination of the K-Factor a worked example is displayed below;

```
K fitting = 1.69 (DN15 in Brass)
F s = 1.01
Temp. of the fluid = 70°C
K w = 1 - (0.2 x (70°C - 20°C) / 100) = 0.9 (§ 6.1 - Temp. Coeff.)
```

```
K_{8045} = 1.69 \times 1.01 \times 0.9 = 1.54
```

#### 4.4.3.2 Determination of the K-Factor via Teach-In Procedure

The K-Factor can be practically determined via volume or flow measurement depending on the application.



Steps for successful measurement (Teach-In)

- In order to determine an accurate volume, fill a tank to 100 litres of the liquid to be measured.
- When the message "TEREH 4" appears, press the ENTER key and select the "VOLUNE" option to start the measuring procedure.
- The message "FILL END" (end of filling) will then appear.
- After switch on a pump or open a valve.
- When the tank is full, switch off the pump or close the valve. If ENTER is pressed it will end the measurement.
- The user will then be asked to enter the volume (100 litres).
- The calculated K-factor is displayed after validation.

The Teach-In is also available with reference to a flow meter. In this case select the "*FLDU*" option on entry to the Teach-In function.







#### 4.4.4 OUTPUT CURRENT

Within this option the measuring range can be defined corresponding to the output current of 4-20 mA.



- The beginning of the measuring range might be higher than the end (inverted signal), eg/ 20 to 180 l/min corresponds to 20-4 mA.
- The adjustments (engineering unit and decimal point) selected for the flow will be valid within this option.
- The minimal difference between the flow rate at 4 mA and 20mA is dependent on the position of the decimal point.

Number of decimals	0	1	2	3
Minimal flow difference	2	0,2	0,11	0,101





In case of electronic failure the device will emit an error signal of 22 mA.

The figure below shows an example of relationship between the 4-20mA output and the associated measuring range





### 4.4.5 PULSE OUTPUT



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The parameters of the pulse output are defined. The volume inducing one pulse is determined. First enter the unit, then the value.

1 pulse corresponds to 100 l; Unit = litres and Pu = 100,00.

- The pulse frequency is given by f = Q / Pu; frequency must never exceed 250 Hz. Select the Pulse value in order to obtain a maximum frequency O 200 Hz.
- If the pulse frequency is smaller than 2Hz, the pulse width will equal 250ms.
- For pulse frequencies higher than 2Hz the pulse width will decrease with increasing frequency to a minimum of 2ms.
- If <u>Q</u> is greater than 250Hz the frequency pulse will equal 0.00Hz. Pu







### 4.4.6 RELAY (OPTION)

The parameter definition of the limit contacts is completed within this mode. Two limit values are entered for each relay : 1 -, 1 + and 2 -, 2 +. The user also has the option to invert the relays.



The following conditions must be observed: 1- - 1+, 2- - 2+. Ensure that security provisions are taken for the relay circuits (3A max).



1- and 2- = the low settings for both relays

1+ and 2+ = the high settings for both relays





#### 4.4.7 FILTER FUNCTION

The filter function provides a damping effect to prevent fluctuation within the output current and display. There are 2 types of filter (fast and slow) each with 10 levels of damping available from 0 to 9 with 0 having no damping effect.



The "Fast" filter is used when rapid changes within the varying flow can occur. (In cases of quick valve shut off the slow filter will take a few seconds to reach zero, while the fast filter will react immediately).

The "Slow" filter may be used in bad measuring conditions (e.g. in case of electrical or magnetical interference, earthing problems, air bubbles in the fluid, hard fluctuating flow, ...).



From the diagram below it is possible to see how the different filters influence the flow output over time.







#### 4.4.8 TOTALIZER

The main and daily totalizers are simultaneously reset within this menu. The reset procedure only starts when ENTER is pressed at the "*END*" position in the menu.



The transmitter totally resets both totalizers when the K-factor, or the units for flow and total are changed. The daily totalizer reset remains available in the main menu. (§ - 4.3)





### 4.4.9 50/60 HZ NOISE REJECTION

This function will filter any spurious signals carried by the power supply, although ensure that the device is not located near any large machinery as this can affect the measurement readings. To filter the spurious signals enter the frequency of the main power source.





This function which cancels noises generated by the mains must be properly selected even if the transmitter is connected to a DC power supply.



#### 4.5 TEST MENU

#### 

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The internal Switch2 must be set in the unlocked position to enter parameters within this menu. (§ - 3.4.3)

The following parameters can be set within this menu:

SECTIONS

<u>_</u>		
Offset adjustm	nent (4 mA). 4.5.1	
<i>SPRN</i> Span adjustm	ent (20 mA). <b>4.5.2</b>	
<i>CRLIB D</i> Flow zero-poin	nt adjustment. 4.5.3	
<i>FLOW</i> Entering the fl outputs will read	lowrate to be simulated. The <b>4.5.4</b>	
END Return to the of the new paran and SPAN. If inappropriate "OFFSET" an	operation mode and storage of neters for CALIB 0, OFFSET the OFFSET/SPAN values are the device will revert to d new values must be entered.	





### 4.5.1 OFFSET ADJUSTMENT

Within this option the user has the possibility of correcting the basic setting of 4 mA generated by the transmitter. The transmitter generates a value of 4mA by pressing when "*BFF5ET*" is displayed within the main test menu.

Measure the generated current with an ammeter. If the displayed value is incorrect it can be corrected by entering the measured value on the ammeter.

Adjustment range: + / - 0.5mA



The corrected value of 4mA is calculated when *ENTER* is pressed when at the *'END'* position within the test menu.

### 4.5.2 SPAN ADJUSTMENT

Span compensation provides the option of changing the basic setting of 20 mA. The procedure is identical to that of the offset compensation above. The transmitter generates 20mA if the Key is pressed when "5PRN" is displayed within the main test menu.

Measure the generated current with an ammeter. If the displayed value is incorrect it can be corrected by entering the measured value on the ammeter.

Adjustment range: + / - 0.5mA



The corrected value of 20mA is calculated when *ENTER* is pressed when at the '*END*' position within the test menu.



### 4.5.3 CALIBRATION OF THE ZERO POINT

Fill the pipe with the measured fluid and stop the flow. To calibrate the unit, press 'enter' when *CRLIB 0* is diplayed within the test menu and select *CRLIB 9*. After selection the transmitter will automatically set the zero-point after 12 seconds.



# The sensor must be immersed in fluid 24hrs before calibration. Ensure there are no air bubbles in the pipe and the fluid is not moving before commencing the calibration.



This calibration is only valid for the actual parameters (pipe, fitting and fluid characteristics) and must be completed before the determination of the K-Factor via the Teach-In method.



### 4.5.4 FLOW SIMULATION

A flow value can be simulated within this menu, allowing the user to test the system without any liquid being present. The simulated value influences all the outputs including the relays and pulse output.



#### 4.6 **8045 SETTINGS**

#### 4.6.1 TYPE 8045 FLOW TRANSMITTER ON DELIVERY

Language		English	Relay	1-:	00.00
Unit of flow		L/s		1+:	00.00
Unit of totalize	rs	L		Inverted:	No
Decimal Points	6	2		2-:	00.00
K factor		1		2+:	00.00
Current	4mA	00.00		Inverted:	No
	20mA	00.00	Filter	Filter 2 Slow	
Pulse output unit		L	Frequency	50 Hz	
	PU	00 00			

#### 4.6.2 TYPE 8045 FLOW TRANSMITTER USER CONFIGURATION

#### **IDENT NUMBER:**

#### SERIAL NUMBER:

5.2 TYPE 8045 FLOW TRANSMITTER USER CONFIGURATION					ISH	
	ER:		SERIAL NUMBER:			<b>JGL</b>
Language Unit of flow Unit of totaliz Decimal Poir K factor	zers nts	······	Relay	1-: 1+: Inverted: 2-: 2+:	·····	<b>4.6</b> EN
Current Pulse output	4mA 20mA t unit PU:		Filter Frequency	Inverted:		

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Fluid temperature value at calibration:

### 5.1 STORING AND CLEANING OF THE SENSOR

In correct installation conditions the 8045 flow transmitter is maintenance-free. If contamination or clogging should occur during operation the sensor can be cleaned with water or another cleaning agent compatible with the PVDF and SS316L.



## It is highly recommended to perform a calibration of the zero point 24 hours after the cleaning of the electrodes, or in cases of changes of the fluid.



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The current output is set to 22 mA in case of an electronic failure and at the start-up of the device all parameters are set to factory setting values (§ 4.6). The reasons for failure can be seen within "Display 'ERROR' - output current  $22mA^{*}$  in the trouble shooting guide below.

### 5.2 TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE

If any problems persist, please contact your local Bürkert subsidiary or return the product with a full explanation of the problem.

This section is designed to assist with problems which may occur during installation or operation. If in doubt please do not hesitate to contact you local Bürkert subsidiary.

Faults	Status	Actions	
The transmitter does not work			
Transmitter connected	No	Connect the device	3.3
Power supply on terminal + and - ok?	No	Check the connection	3.3
Power supply between 18-30VDC?	No	Change power supply	
Power supply regulated			
(oscillations rate less than 5%?)	No	Change power supply	
Fuse OK (if any)	No	Change the fuses	
Switch on (if any)	No	Set the switch ON	
Transmitter programming/testing unavailable			
Internal switch 2 'Locked'?	Yes	Set switch 2 down.	3.4.3
Display 'ERROR' - output current 22mA			
Display at the start-up (EEPROM failure)?	Yes	Restart the device	
Error at each start-up?	Yes	Return the device	
Display after validation of the menu			
(EEPROM failure)	Yes	Configure the device again	4.4
Failure at each validation of the menu?	Yes	Return the device	
Fluctuating display			
Inappropriate filter ?	Yes	Increase the filter or	4.4.7
		select slow mode filtering.	
Air bubbles in the fluid	Yes	Set slow mode filtering	4.4.7
The electrodes are dirty	Yes	Clean the electrodes	5.1
Are the electrodes passivated	No	Install the transmitter into	3.1
·		the fluid 24hr before use	



## MAINTENANCE

Faults	Status	Actions	
Is the flow rapidly fluctuating	Yes	Transmitter not suited for the application	
Earth connection			
Is the earth connection good			
(No noise on the earth line)?	No	Use a non disturbed earth	
Are metal pipes connected to the earth?	No	Connect the pipes to earth	
Flow measurement incorrect			
Correct K-Factor?	No	Enter the correct coefficient or determine via Teach-In	4.4.3
The flow has stopped and the display does			
not equal zero	Yes	Perform a zero point calibration	4.5.3
Current output value			
Switch 1 correctly set? (Sinking or Sourcing)	No	Select appropriate position	3.4.3
Connection of the current output OK?	No	Reconnect the current output	3.3
Fixed current output value			
Parameters for current output OK?	No	Program the current output	4.4.4
The relays do not work		-	
Parameters OK?	No	Program the relay outputs	4.4.6
Relays correctly connected?	No	Connect relays	3.3
Connection of relays 1 and 2 inverted?	Yes	Connect relays accordingly	3.3
Protection fuses for the relays OK (If any)?	No	Change the fuses	
Relay switches ON (if any)?	No	Switch ON	



#### 6.1 **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### Specification in relation to the process

#### Flow measurement

BI	Urkert Fluid Control Systems	<sup>36</sup> 8045
	Life expectancy Thresholds	100 000 cycles (minimum) Hysteresis programmable according to the temperature or flow
		DC : 30V / 3A (resistive load) Max. cutting power : 750 VA (resistive load)
	Relay output	2 relays, freely adjustable
	Output type	Normally open relays
Re	lay output	
	Specifications	30VDC max / 100mA max
	Output type	Isolated NPN / PNP open collector
Pu	lse output	
	Maximum Load (current loop)	1300 Ω at 30 VDC 1000 Ω at 24 VDC 700 Ω at 18 VDC
	Response time	visition variation
	Wiring Beenenge time	Sinking or sourcing mode
	Output type Accuracy	Current output from 4-20 mA (error signal 22mA) Dependent on the measuring error - Maximum of 4%
Pro	portional output	
		8045 with relays : 100 mA
	Power supply Consumption	18-30 VDC regulated (oscillation rate $\leq$ +/- 5%) 8045 without relay : 60 mA
Ele	ctrical connection	
<u>Sp</u>	ecificaton in relation to the	<u>control outputs</u>
		Earth ring : Stainless-steel 316L (1.4404) Seals : FPM/EPDM
	iviaterials contacting the fluid:	Sensor nousing : PVDF Electrodes : Stainless-steel 316L (1.4404)
	Conductivity of the fluid	min. 20 μS/cm
	Fluid temperature	0 to 80 °C (32 to 176°F)
	Pressure rating	buttwelding ends, flange, Tri-clamp - see instruction manual S020 - Ident. No 429633S PN 6
	Connection	Solvent/fusion spigots, threaded ports (G, NPT, Rc).
Pip	ing installation	Stainlass staal knows an inlastic (DV/DE, DD, DV/O)
	Repeatability	0.25 % of measured value
	Linearity	+/- (1 % o. R. + 0,1% o. F.S.) (*)
		+/- 4 % 0. R. (1-10 m/s) (*)
	C C	+/- 2 % o. R. (1-10 m/s) (*)
	Measuring range Measuring error	1) with individual works calibration (on request) or Teach-In:
	Measurement type	Electromagnetical measurement



#### Specifications in relation to the user

#### User's interface

Display	15 x 60 mm LCD 8 digits, alphanumeric
	15 segments, 9 mm high
Flow units	I Sec (except m³/sec.)
	m <sup>3</sup> L <sub>Per</sub> min
	US gal  hr
	Imp gal 丿 🔍
Display :	
Current output	Generated current indication : xx.xx mA
Relay state	Red LED's on when contact is closed
Programming	Menus with 3 programming keys
Protection	Lockable switch for the 'Enter' key

#### Processing

Filtering of the flow	10 levels	of filtering (fast and	d slow) (filter 0 to 9)
Temperature coefficient	DN15	=+ 0.2 %/°C	Kw= 1-(0,2 x (Tw °C- 20 °C)/100)
(for K-Factor determination)	DN20/25	=+ 0.1 %/°C	Kw= 1-(0,1 x (Tw °C- 20 °C)/100)
(cf § 4.4.3.1)	> DN25	= + 0.05 %/°C	Kw= 1-(0,05 x (Tw °C- 20 °C)/100

#### Specifications in relation to the environment

#### Ambient conditions

Storing temperature	-20 to +60 °C (-4 to 140 °F)
Operating temperature	-20 to +60 °C (-4to 140 °F)
Relative humidity	max. 80 %
Enclosure rating	IP65

#### Construction

Dimensions maximum	166 x 88 x 116
Weight	550 g (maximum)

#### Materials in contact with the environment

Electronic housing	PC 20% glass reinforced fibre
Front plate	Polyester

#### Conformity to standards

Emission	According to generic norm EN 50081.1
Immunity	According ot generic norm EN 50082.2

(\*) Under reference conditions i.e measuring fluid = water, ambient and fluid temperature 20 °C, applying the minimum inlet and outlet pipes straights, matched inside pipe dimensions

o. R. = of Reading o. F.S. = of Full Scale (10 m/s) Kw = Temperature Coefficient Tw = Temperature of the measured fluid





### 6.2 DIMENSIONS





#### Variable dimensions (in mm)

DN	H1
15 20 25 32 40	173 171 171 177 178
50	184



#### 6.3 DESIGN AND MEASURING PRINCIPLE

#### Design

The 8045 compact flow transmitter combines a flow sensor and a transducer with display within a splash-proof IP65 plastic enclosure.

- The base of the sensor finger contains a solenoid and 2 electrodes which are in contact with the fluid to detect the induced voltage.
- The electronic module converts the induced voltage into a flow value which can be displayed.
- The transducer uses a 3-wire circuit and requires a power supply of 18-30
   VDC. The output signals are provided via one (transmitter without relay) or via two PG 13.5 (transmitter with relays).
- For additional control adjustable relays can be used (optional).

#### **Measuring Principle**

According to the induction law, a voltage is induced when a conductor is present within a magnetic field. By the magnetic-inductive principle of measurement the space between the 2 electrodes is filled with the conductive fluid creating a conductor.

- Through movement of the conductive fluid (min 20µS/cm) perpendicular to the magnetic field which is provided by the solenoid produces a proportional voltage to the flow velocity which is induced within the fluid.
- This voltage is detected between the electrodes and can be converted and filtered according to the K-factor selected.
- The flow direction generates a positive or a negative value of the flow. The magnetic flow transmitter 8045 measures a flow velocity from 0.05 m/s (0.15 ft/s).
- A 4-20 mA standard signal, proportional to the flowrate is available as an output signal.
- In case of electronic failure a 22 mA signal is provided.





### 6.4 TYPE SPECIFICATION

### 8045 Electromagnetic Flow Transmitter

Worldwide types; PG 13.5 connection

4-20 mA output; pulse output; 2 totalizers

Power supply	Relays	Gasket	Sensor	PG 13.5	ldent N°
18-30 VDC	No	FPM	Short	1	426498R
18-30 VDC	No	FPM	Long	1	426499J
18-30 VDC	No	EPDM	Short	1	426500X
18-30 VDC	No	EPDM	Long	1	426501L
18-30 VDC	2	FPM	Short	2	426506R
18-30 VDC	2	FPM	Long	2	426507J
18-30 VDC	2	EPDM	Short	2	426508T
18-30 VDC	2	EPDM	Long	2	426509U

#### North America types; G 1/2" connection

4-20 mA output; pulse output; 2 totalizers

Power supply	Relays	Gasket	Sensor	G 1/2"	ldent N°
18-30 VDC	No	FPM	Short	1	426514G
18-30 VDC	No	FPM	Long	1	426515H
18-30 VDC	No	EPDM	Short	1	426516A
18-30 VDC	No	EPDM	Long	1	426517B
18-30 VDC	2	FPM	Short	2	426522G
18-30 VDC	2	FPM	Long	2	426523H
18-30 VDC	2	EPDM	Short	2	426524A
18-30 VDC	2	EPDM	Long	2	426525B

### 6.5 STANDARD DELIVERY

From a standard delivery you should have received the following:

- 1 8045 Electromagnetic Flow Transmitter
- 1 Instruction manual (3 languages)
- 1 Instruction manual for fitting S020/1500/1501

(If the transmitter is a relay version you should additionally receive 1 multiway seal).





ENGLISH

6.6

### 6.6 LABEL TYPE 8045



- Transmitter type 1.
- 2. Seal material 3.
  - Function
  - Version

4.

- 5. Serial number
- 6. (Factory internal No.)
- Relay characteristics 7.
- 8 CE Mark
- Ident.No. 9.
- 10. Output current
- 11 Power supply

#### 6.7 SPARE PARTS LIST

For easy identification of the spare parts an exploded diagram is provided on the next page.

Position	Designation	Order N°
1	Sensor housing for 1 PG 13.5	425525A
2	Sensor housing for 2 PG 13.5	425526B
3 4	PG 13.5 PG 13.5 USA-version (G 1/2 ")	418339G 418340M
5	Cover with screws, sheeting and printed circuit board without relay	426530L
6	Cover with screws, sheeting and printed circuit board with 2 relays	426531H
7	Ring	619205L
8	Union nut	619204K
9	Sensor for DN 15 to 100 (1/4" - 4") short	426985H
10	Sensor for DN as from 100 (as from 5") long	426986A
	FPM seal kit EPDM seal kit	425554P 425555Q
	Instruction manual transmitter type 8045 Instruction manual fitting type S020/1500/1501	426532A 429633S













#### FLOW CHART (GPM, DN IN INCH AND FPS)

Flow



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# SELECTION EXAMPLE:

Determination with ideal flow velocity: 8 fps

With these specifications, the required fitting diameter, as defined by the flow chart is 1  $1/2^{\circ}$ .



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