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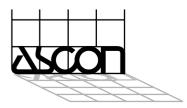
Control and monitoring combustion systems with zirconium oxide probe **ascomb** series

- Zirconium oxide probe ZO2 line
- Indicator, monitor and controller OXI, OXM, OXR line
- Complete systems line SI

Based on the measurement of oxygen content in the flue gases by means the zirconium oxide probe, the systems grant a continuous control of the combustion. The following advantages are available:

• Energy saving

- Normatives compliance
- Reduction of pollution
- Low cost
- Quick installation and low maintenance
- Financial benefits and avoidance of excessive climate levy.



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Energy saving through the control of combustion

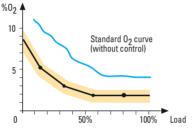
Starting from combustion theory...

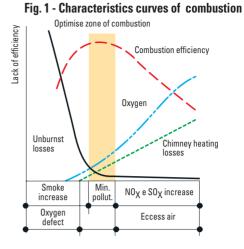
The characteristics curves of combustion are represented in fig. 1. From this can be seen the relationship between the higher efficiency values and the minimum pollution. This area is called optimise zone of combustion. In this area is the correct fuel and air ratio. This situation grants a limited air excess avoiding any dangerous and expensive oxygen defect situation. Based on the fact the boiler load requires different oxygen quantities, the fuel air ratio changes as shown in fig. 2.

The oxygen content on the flue gases in the chimney, represents the significant parameter of the combustion process.

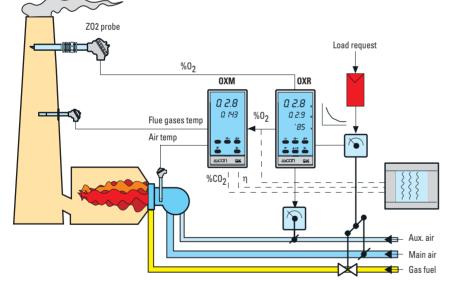
The continuous measurement of this value, enables a manual or automatic intervention on the burner setting in order to reset to the optimum air/fuel ratio.

Fig. 2 - %O₂ correction curve as function of boiler load









...to ASCOMB systems.

The ASCOMB systems (see fig. 3) perform the combustion control using a zirconium oxide probe directly inserted in the stack. This probe ensure a continuous, swift and accurate read-out of the oxygen content in the flue gases.

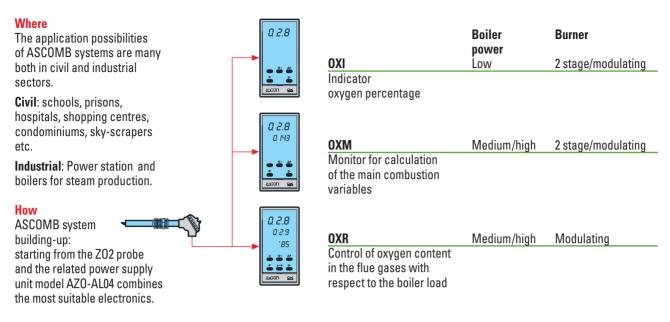
Thanks to a wide range of components it is possible obtain different system for indication calculation and control purposes.

Fig. 3 - Example of typical combustion control system

Monitoring for normatives compliance

Over the years various standard on regulation for civil and industrial installation have been applied. The oxygen content on the flue gases has always been an important reference parameter. This is exactly what ASCOMB systems measure for combustion control. Starting from this point and integrating it with other parameters like flue gase temperature and/or carbon monoxide (see BT. 13.05.03 ZCI) it is possible perform monitoring system in the majority of the cases.

ASCOMB systems where and how



The basic system can be also integrated with other components like air/flue gases temperature (mandatory for OXM), recording and/or data acquisition through a SCADA, carbon monoxide measurement and so on.

SI line ASCOMB systems

They are already assembled turn-keys solutions. It is possible to choose the solution in a range of standard systems or create a custom one. The advantages are:

- one ordering code
- simpler installation
- quicker start-up
- easier and faster after-sales assistance.

				supply								
Some example	s of SI line	Cabinet	Z02 probe	AZ0AL04 power supply	IXO	DXM	OXR	fgT probe	airT probe	Recorder	CO analyzer	E
Indication SIS-M1-0010	Oxygen	1	1	1	1							
SIS-M1-0010	, ,	1	1	1 1	1	-	<u> </u>			1		
	Oxygen + recording		<u> </u>	· ·	<u> </u>					1		
SIS-M1-0030	Oxygen + flue gases temp (fgT)	1	1	1	1			1				
SIS-M1-0040	Oxygen + fgT + recording	1	1	1	1			1		1		
Monitoring												
SIS-M1-0080	Oxygen + fgT + recording	1	1	1		1		1	1	1		
SIS-M1-0110	Oxygen + fgT + CO + recording	1	1	1		1		1	1	1	1	
Control												
SIS-R1-0520	0 ₂ Control	1	1	1			1	1	1			
SIS-R1-0530	0 ₂ Control + fgT + recording		1	1	1			1	1	1	1	
SIS-R1-0590	0 ₂ Control + fgT + recording	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1		



Z02-100-300-500-700-C100 and AZO-AL04

ZO2 zirconium oxde probe and AZO-AL04 power supply unit

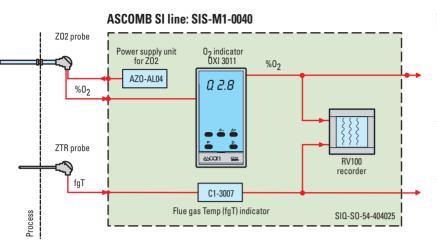
Zirconium oxide probe for continuous, swift and accurate measurement of the oxygen content in the flue gases up to 600 °C. A free air reference circuit is not required because one part of the sensor is in contact with the ambient air present in the connection head. An internal heater maintains the sensor at a constant temperature of 600 °C. The power is provided by the AZO-AL04 power supply unit which grants:

- protection from the high level of absorbtion, typical during the initial heating phase
- voltage correction required by the probe directly on its head connection terminals, integrated "sense" system
- switching technology for a minimum heating dissipation inside the panel.

Z02 for "in-situ" measurement

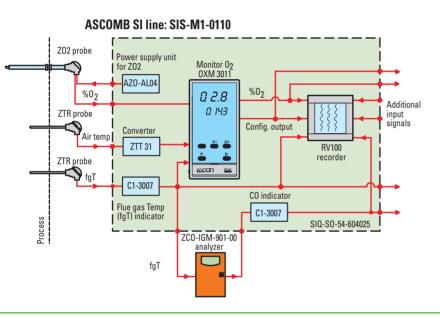
Z02-C100 for extractive measurement method

Probe models:	ZO2 for "in-situ" measurement, length: 100, 300, 500, 700 mm (other lengths on demand)					
	ZO2-C100 for extractive measurement method, length 100 mm					
Sensor:	Electrically heated Zirconium oxide by means external AZO-AL04 power supply					
Flue gas temperature :	Up to 600 °C					
Output:	Logaritmic mV signal (4/20mA by means OX line instruments)					
Range:	0.320.9 %0 ₂					
Accuracy:	3% (between 0.510% 0 ₂)					
Warm-up time:	Minimum 15 minutes, standard 45 minutes					
Construction:	Sheath: AISI316, connection head: painted alluminium DIN B, protection: IP67					
Process connection:	Compression nipple 1" NPT M					
Ambient temperature :	-20+70 °C					
Calibration interval:	1 year (with Methan fuel and flue gases temperature < 350 °C)					
Mounting position:	Adjustable, at right angle to the gases flow direction					
Connection:	2 + 2 wires 1.5 mm ² min. for the heater					
	2 shielded and twisted wires 0.5 mm ² for sensor output					
Weight:	2 kg max.					
Model:	AZO-AL04					
Power supply:	100240 Vac ±10%; 47/63 Hz					
Power consumption:	1.6 A at 115 VAC; 0.6 A at 230 VAC					
Output Voltage / Current:	12 Vdc/8.5 A max.					
Ambient temperature:	050°C					
Mounting:	With fixing clamp					
Connection:	M3 screwed terminals + Molex 5051 provided					
EMC:	CE compliant					



OXI

Oxygen indicator in 48x96 DIN size with acquisition and linearisation capability of the logaritmic signal coming from the ZO2 probe. As alternative a 4/20mA linearized signal (range 0...20.9%) is available. In combination with the ZO2 probe and its AZO power supply it establishes the basic system to monitor the combustion by means the oxygen measurement in the flue gases. More complex system can be obtained adding flue gases temp measurement and data recording or data acquisition through a SCADA.

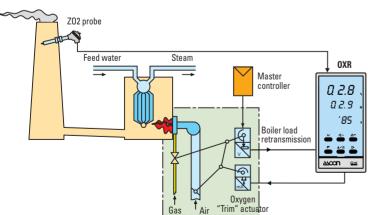


OXM

Oxygen monitor in 48x96 DIN size with acquisition and linearisation capability of the logaritmic signal coming from the ZO2 probe. As alternative a 4/20mA linearized signal (range 0...20.9%) is available. In combination with the ZO2 probe, its AZO power supply, air and flue gases temp. probes, it establishes a real combustion monitor. The following variables can be calculated: η (efficiency), λ (air eccess) and %CO₂ (carbon dioxide).

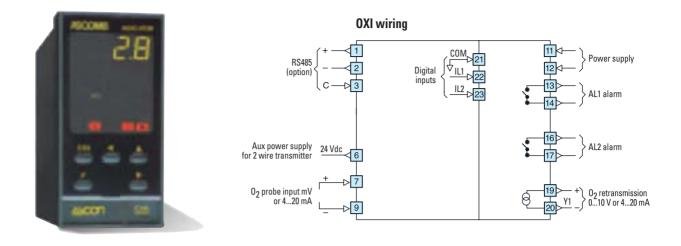
More complex system can be obtained adding recorder, the OXR controller and,when requested by the normatives, the ZCO carbon monoxide analyzer (see BT.13.02.03 ZCI).

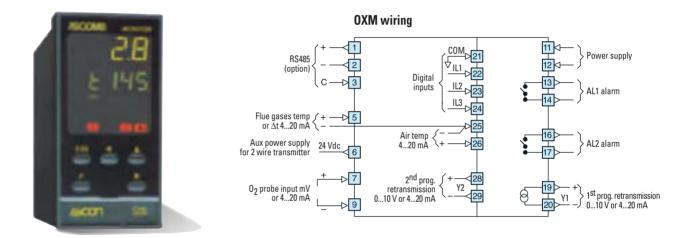
Example of OXR controller application

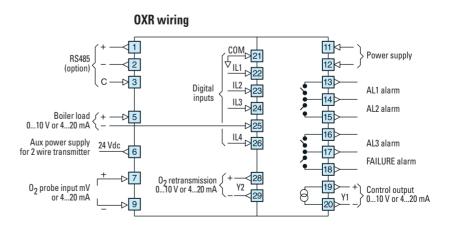


OXR

Oxygen "Trim" controller in 48x96 DIN size with acquisition and linearisation capability of the logaritmic signal coming from the ZO2 probe. As alternative a 4/20mA linearized signal (range 0...20.9%) is available. Its target is optimization of the air/fuel ratio acting on the adjustement of the air quantity requested by the master controller (load). The optimization is related to the oxygen content in the flue gases. This enable to save fuel comsumption. It is possible to select, up to 2 curves of 4 segments (depending on fuel characteristics) to perform a corrective action during the load changing.

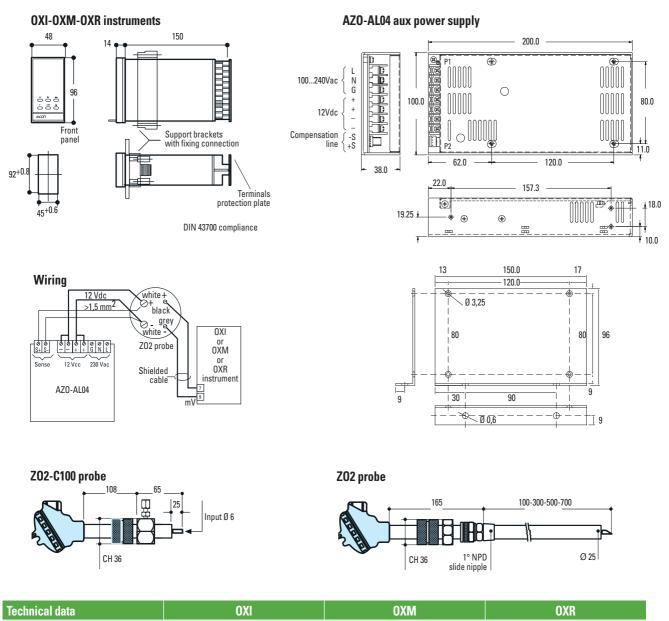






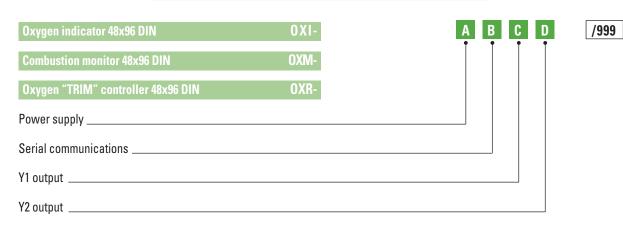


Overall dimensions and wiring



OXI	OXM	OXR				
mV from the ZO2 probe (0.2 $\%$ ±1 digit) or 420 mA linearised with range 0.020.9%						
	2 x 420 mA from air and	420 mA boiler load				
flue gas temperature						
420 mA/010 V for 0 ₂ %	420 mA/010 V settable for:	420 mA/010 V control output				
	0_2 %, fgT, Air temp, C 0_2 %, η , λ	420 mA/010 V for 0 ₂ %				
2 digital inputs: Hold and Fail	3 digital inputs: Hold, Fail,	4 config. digital outputs:				
	fuel switching	Hold, Fail, fuel switching,				
		SP mem., Auto/man				
2 NO relay, 250 Va	3 NO relay, 250 Vac/5 A config.					
	1 NO relay, 250 Vac/5 A Failur					
RS485 (2 wire) Modbus, Jbus, BaudRate 9600 max.						
100240 Vac, 50/60 Hz or 1628 Vac, 50/60Hz and 2030 Vdc						
4 VA						
050 °C						
3585 % RH						
IEC801-2, 801-3, 801-4: Level 4						
Front panel						
IP 54 Standard (IP65 with optional kit)						
48 x 96 x 150 mm						
	mV from the ZO2 probe (C 420 mA/010 V for O ₂ % 2 digital inputs: Hold and Fail 2 NO relay, 250 Va RS485 (2 100240 Vac,	mV from the ZO2 probe (0.2 % ±1 digit) or 420 mA linearise 2 x 420 mA from air and flue gas temperature 420 mA/010 V for 0 ₂ % 420 mA/010 V settable for: 0 ₂ %, fgT, Air temp, CO ₂ %, η, λ 2 digital inputs: Hold and Fail 3 digital inputs: Hold, Fail, fuel switching 2 NO relay, 250 Vac/5 A configurable RS485 (2 wire) Modbus, Jbus, BaudRate 96 100240 Vac, 50/60 Hz or 1628 Vac, 50/60Hz an 4 VA 050 °C 3585 % RH IEC801-2, 801-3, 801-4: Level 4 Front panel IP 54 Standard (IP65 with optional ki				

Ordering code



Power supply	I	Μ	R		Α	
230 Vac	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		3	
24 Vac/Vdc	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		5	
Serial communications					B	
Not previded	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		0	
Rs485 Modbus	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	3		
Y1 output					С	
420 mA	✓	\checkmark	✓		し 1	
010 V	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	✓ ✓	2		
UIU V	V	V	V		2	
Y2 output					D	
N.P.		\checkmark	√		0	
420 mA		\checkmark	\checkmark		1	
010 V		\checkmark	\checkmark	2		
Oxygen probe			Z02-			
Lenght 100				1	0	0
Lenght 300				3	0	0
Lenght 500				5	0	0
Lenght 700				7	0	0
Power supply unit						
i ower supply and						

AZO-AL04